The Law Offices of David Bransdorfer • 8102 Fulton Street East • Ada, Michigan 49301 Phone: (616) 682-5155 • Email: <u>info@bransdorfer.net</u>

HOME | eLAW LIBRARY | FAQ ABOUT SURETY BONDS | FAQ SOBRE AVALES | 50-STATE LITTLE MILLER ACT LINKS | VIRGINIA CODE

Notice Regarding Citation of these Laws

Forward to Va. Code § 2.2-4338 > § 2.2-4339 > § 2.2-4340 > § 2.2-4341 > § 2.2-4342

The Virginia "Little Miller Act"

Virginia Code, Title 2.2, Administration of Government, Chapter 43, Virginia Public Procurement Act, Sections 2.2-4336 through 2.2-4342

§ 2.2-4336. Bid bonds.

A. Except in cases of emergency, all bids or proposals for nontransportation-related construction contracts in excess of \$100,000 or transportation-related projects authorized under § 33.1-12 that are in excess of \$250,000 and partially or wholly funded by the Commonwealth shall be accompanied by a bid bond from a surety company selected by the bidder that is authorized to do business in Virginia, as a guarantee that if the contract is awarded to the bidder, he will enter into the contract for the work mentioned in the bid. The amount of the bid bond shall not exceed five percent of the amount bid.

- B. No forfeiture under a bid bond shall exceed the lesser of (i) the difference between the bid for which the bond was written and the next low bid, or (ii) the face amount of the bid bond.
- C. Nothing in this section shall preclude a public body from requiring bid bonds to accompany bids or proposals for construction contracts anticipated to be less than \$100,000 for nontransportation-related projects or \$250,000 for transportation-related projects authorized under § 33.1-12 and partially or wholly funded by the Commonwealth.

§ 2.2-4337. Performance and payment bonds.

- A. Upon the award of any (i) public construction contract exceeding \$100,000 awarded to any prime contractor; (ii) construction contract exceeding \$100,000 awarded to any prime contractor requiring the performance of labor or the furnishing of materials for buildings, structures or other improvements to real property owned or leased by a public body; (iii) construction contract exceeding \$100,000 in which the performance of labor or the furnishing of materials will be paid with public funds; or (iv) transportation-related projects exceeding \$250,000 that are partially or wholly funded by the Commonwealth, the contractor shall furnish to the public body the following bonds:
- 1. A performance bond in the sum of the contract amount conditioned upon the faithful performance of the contract in strict conformity with the plans, specifications and conditions of the contract. For transportation-related projects authorized under § 33.1-12, such bond shall be in a form and amount satisfactory to the public body.
- 2. A payment bond in the sum of the contract amount. The bond shall be for the protection of claimants who have and fulfill contracts to supply labor or materials to the prime contractor to whom the contract was awarded, or to any subcontractors, in furtherance of the work provided

for in the contract, and shall be conditioned upon the prompt payment for all materials furnished or labor supplied or performed in the furtherance of the work. For transportation-related projects authorized under § 33.1-12 and partially or wholly funded by the Commonwealth, such bond shall be in a form and amount satisfactory to the public body.

"Labor or materials" shall include public utility services and reasonable rentals of equipment, but only for periods when the equipment rented is actually used at the site.

- B. Each of the bonds shall be executed by one or more surety companies selected by the contractor that are authorized to do business in Virginia.
- C. If the public body is the Commonwealth, or any agency or institution thereof, the bonds shall be payable to the Commonwealth of Virginia, naming also the agency or institution thereof. Bonds required for the contracts of other public bodies shall be payable to such public body.
- D. Each of the bonds shall be filed with the public body that awarded the contract, or a designated office or official thereof.
- E. Nothing in this section shall preclude a public body from requiring payment or performance bonds for construction contracts below \$100,000 for nontransportation-related projects or \$250,000 for transportation-related projects authorized under § 33.1-12 and partially or wholly funded by the Commonwealth.
- F. Nothing in this section shall preclude the contractor from requiring each subcontractor to furnish a payment bond with surety thereon in the sum of the full amount of the contract with such subcontractor conditioned upon the payment to all persons who have and fulfill contracts that are directly with the subcontractor for performing labor and furnishing materials in the prosecution of the work provided for in the subcontract.

§ 2.2-4338. Alternative forms of security.

A. In lieu of a bid, payment, or performance bond, a bidder may furnish a certified check or cash escrow in the face amount required for the bond.

- B. If approved by the Attorney General in the case of state agencies, or the attorney for the political subdivision in the case of political subdivisions, a bidder may furnish a personal bond, property bond, or bank or savings institution's letter of credit on certain designated funds in the face amount required for the bid, payment or performance bond. Approval shall be granted only upon a determination that the alternative form of security proffered affords protection to the public body equivalent to a corporate surety's bond.
- C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the Department of Transportation.

§ 2.2-4339. Bonds on other than construction contracts.

A public body may require bid, payment, or performance bonds for contracts for goods or services if provided in the Invitation to Bid or Request for Proposal.

§ 2.2-4340. Action on performance bond.

No action against the surety on a performance bond shall be brought unless within five years after completion of the work on the project to the satisfaction of the Department of

Transportation, in cases where the public body is the Department of Transportation, or, in all other cases, within one year after (i) completion of the contract, including the expiration of all warranties and guarantees, or (ii) discovery of the defect or breach of warranty that gave rise to the action.

§ 2.2-4341. Actions on payment bonds; waiver of right to sue.

A. Subject to the provisions of subsection B, any claimant who has performed labor or furnished material in accordance with the contract documents in furtherance of the work provided in any contract for which a payment bond has been given, and who has not been paid in full before the expiration of 90 days after the day on which the claimant performed the last of the labor or furnished the last of the materials for which he claims payment, may bring an action on the payment bond to recover any amount due him for the labor or material. The obligee named in the bond need not be named a party to the action.

- B. Any claimant who has a direct contractual relationship with any subcontractor but who has no contractual relationship, express or implied, with the contractor, may bring an action on the contractor's payment bond only if he has given written notice to the contractor within 180 days from the day on which the claimant performed the last of the labor or furnished the last of the materials for which he claims payment, stating with substantial accuracy the amount claimed and the name of the person for whom the work was performed or to whom the material was furnished. Notice to the contractor shall be served by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to such contractor at any place where his office is regularly maintained for the transaction of business. Claims for sums withheld as retainages with respect to labor performed or materials furnished, shall not be subject to the time limitations stated in this subsection.
- C. Any action on a payment bond shall be brought within one year after the day on which the person bringing such action last performed labor or last furnished or supplied materials.
- D. Any waiver of the right to sue on the payment bond required by this section shall be void unless it is in writing, signed by the person whose right is waived, and executed after such person has performed labor or furnished material in accordance with the contract documents.

§ 2.2-4342. Public inspection of certain records.

A. Except as provided in this section, all proceedings, records, contracts and other public records relating to procurement transactions shall be open to the inspection of any citizen, or any interested person, firm or corporation, in accordance with the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.).

- B. Cost estimates relating to a proposed procurement transaction prepared by or for a public body shall not be open to public inspection.
- C. Any competitive sealed bidding bidder, upon request, shall be afforded the opportunity to inspect bid records within a reasonable time after the opening of all bids but prior to award, except in the event that the public body decides not to accept any of the bids and to reopen the contract. Otherwise, bid records shall be open to public inspection only after award of the contract.
- D. Any competitive negotiation offeror, upon request, shall be afforded the opportunity to inspect

Virginia Little Miller Act, Va. Code §§ 2.2-4336 et seq.

proposal records within a reasonable time after the evaluation and negotiations of proposals are completed but prior to award, except in the event that the public body decides not to accept any of the proposals and to reopen the contract. Otherwise, proposal records shall be open to public inspection only after award of the contract.

- E. Any inspection of procurement transaction records under this section shall be subject to reasonable restrictions to ensure the security and integrity of the records.
- F. Trade secrets or proprietary information submitted by a bidder, offeror or contractor in connection with a procurement transaction or prequalification application submitted pursuant to subsection B of § 2.2-4317 shall not be subject to the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.); however, the bidder, offeror or contractor shall (i) invoke the protections of this section prior to or upon submission of the data or other materials, (ii) identify the data or other materials to be protected, and (iii) state the reasons why protection is necessary.

```
Back to Va. Code § 2.2-4336 < § 2.2-4337 < § 2.2-4338 < § 2.2-4339 < § 2.2-4340 < § 2.2-4341

HOME | eLAW LIBRARY | FAQ ABOUT SURETY BONDS | FAQ SOBRE AVALES | 50-STATE LITTLE MILLER ACT LINKS | VIRGINIA CODE
```

Website and compilation © 2010 The Law Offices of David Bransdorfer • 8102 Fulton Street East • Ada, Michigan 49301 Phone: (616) 682-5155 • Email: info@bransdorfer.net • No claim to government or other third-party works. All rights reserved.

The above statutory text was last reviewed for accuracy on July 12, 2009.